**Ozoroa namaensis**

Nama Resin-tree
Nama-haarpuisboom (A)

[36 records from 26 (2%) squares]

Much-branched, gnarled tree. Bark brown, fissured. **Leaves** simple, **oblone to obovate**, smallish; grey-green and densely woolly above; paler below; margin slightly undulate; apex blunt; **petiole short**. **Flowers** cream-coloured to white. **Fruit** slightly bilobed, c. 6 mm in diameter; black when ripe.

**DISTRIBUTION & ABUNDANCE**

Scattered localities in the south; generally uncommon, but common in a few localities.
HABITAT
Found in various habitats, but mainly rocky outcrops. Grows on rocky, gravel or sandy substrates.

ANNUAL CYCLE
Flowers March, May and December. Fruit March, May and July to November. Leaves evergreen, with young leaves in October.

GENERAL
A small tree, possibly of horticultural potential; drought-tolerant.

CONSERVATION CONCERNS
The lack of reconfirmation of earlier herbarium records in some areas could be due to lack of atlassing, or to a decline in the population.

Ozoroa namaquensis
= Protorhus namaquensis
Gariep Resin-tree
[2 records from 2 squares]

Multi-stemmed shrub or small tree. Bark light brown to grey; red-brown on young twigs. Leaves simple, leathery, linear-lanceolate; shiny, smooth when mature; paler below than above, veins distinct, parallel; margin slightly toothed, undulate. Inflorescence generally a terminal spray; male and female flowers on separate plants. Flowers small, fragrant; cream to greenish. Fruit slightly wrinkled, somewhat-flattened kidney-shaped, black when ripe.

Recorded from the south (2818CC and CD), one with a specimen (BS3469); one, earlier herbarium record exists for 2818CD. A rare shrub or tree of 1 m growing on a rocky outcrop. Flowers recorded in June. Classified as 'rare' according to IUCN criteria (Loots 2005).