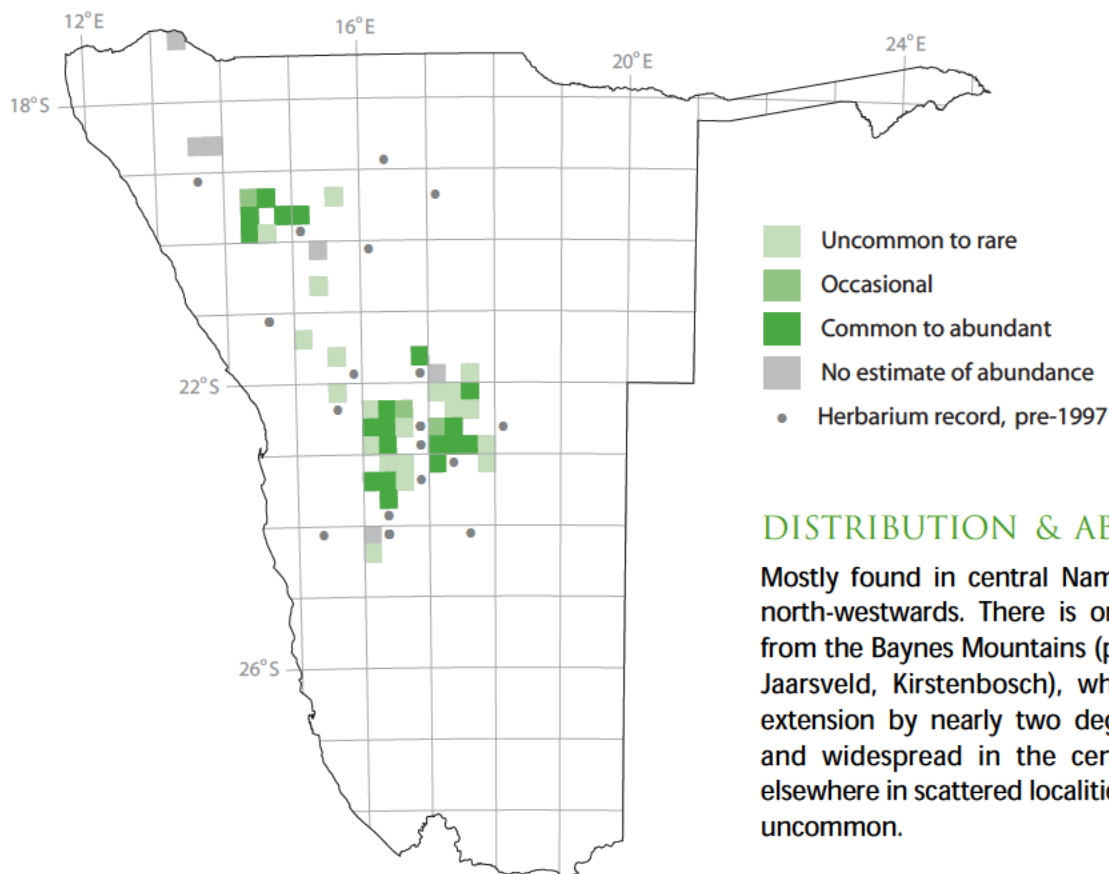


Manuleopsis dinteri

Dinter's bush

[75 records from 48 (4%) squares]

Lax and often untidy shrub. BARK smooth. BRANCLETS lax, squarish. LEAVES simple, lanceolate to narrowly lanceolate; bright green, soft texture; margin often toothed; apex pointed; petiole up to 20 mm long. INFLORESCENCE a lax, terminal spray. FLOWERS tubular; white with small, maroon markings in throat. FRUIT a brown, elongate-ovoid capsule with two chambers. SEEDS winged.

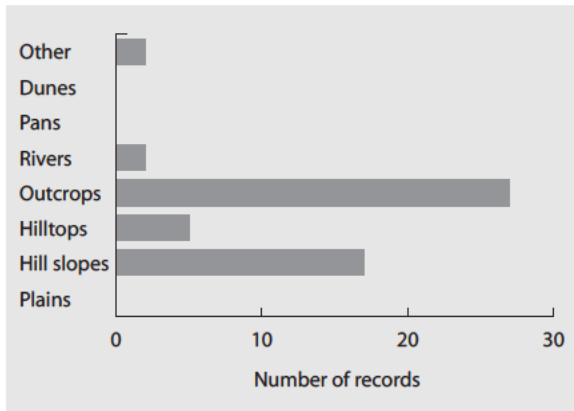


DISTRIBUTION & ABUNDANCE

Mostly found in central Namibia, extending north-westwards. There is one sight record from the Baynes Mountains (pers. comm. van Jaarsveld, Kirstenbosch), which is a range extension by nearly two degrees. Common and widespread in the central highlands; elsewhere in scattered localities and generally uncommon.

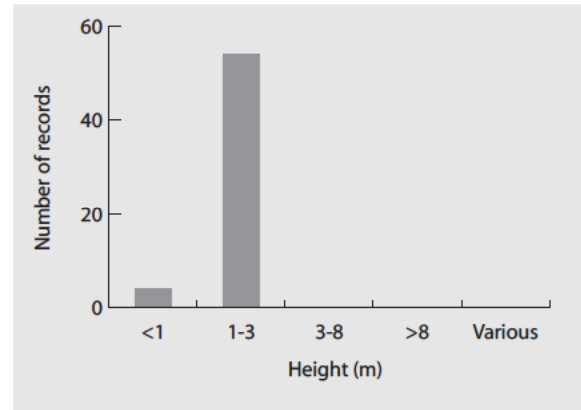
HABITAT

Found in various habitats, but mostly on rocky outcrops and hill slopes. Grows on rocky or stony substrates.



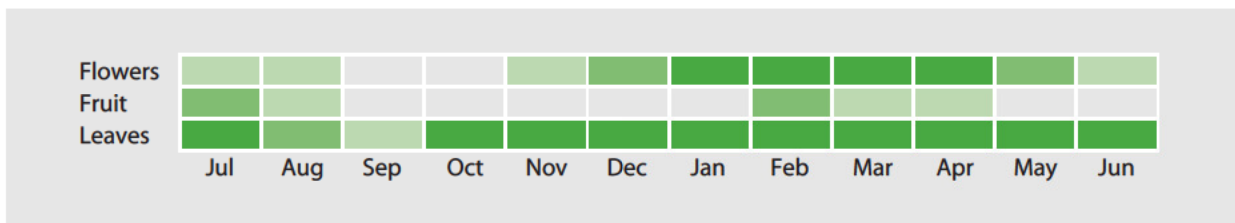
GROWTH FORM

Always a shrub, mostly in the 1–3-m category.



ANNUAL CYCLE

FLOWERS almost all year, but mostly from January to April. FRUIT mostly July and February, but very few recorded. LEAVES virtually evergreen.



CONSERVATION CONCERNS

Endemic to Namibia. No threats reported.



Manuleopsis dinteri, Botanic Garden,
Windhoek, C. Mannheimer